

## Maths

### 1- Complète : (x10, x100)

$4 \times 10 = 40$

$12 \times 10 = 120$

$56 \times 10 = 560$

$89 \times 10 = 890$

$6 \times 100 = 600$

$1 \times 100 = 100$

$45 \times 10 = 450$

$10 \times 8 = 80$

$23 \times 10 = 230$

$11 \times 10 = 110$

$100 \times 2 = 200$

$10 \times 71 = 710$

### 2- Complète les tables de x2 et x5 :

$2 \times 4 = 8$

$1 \times 7 = 7$

$5 \times 7 = 35$

$2 \times 7 = 14$

$2 \times 3 = 6$

$2 \times 9 = 18$

$2 \times 8 = 16$

$5 \times 1 = 5$

$5 \times 3 = 15$

$5 \times 2 = 10$

$5 \times 8 = 40$

$5 \times 5 = 25$

### 3- Complète : (à l'aide du dico-maths page 9 n°16 pour utiliser les tables)

$2 \times 30 = 60$

$5 \times 60 = 300$

$5 \times 80 = 400$

$8 \times 30 = 240$

$4 \times 20 = 80$

$2 \times 90 = 180$

$3 \times 40 = 120$

$7 \times 50 = 350$

$5 \times 40 = 200$

$2 \times 20 = 40$

$3 \times 70 = 210$

$3 \times 200 = 600$

### 4- Complète :

$2 \times 8 = 16$

$5 \times 1 = 5$

$5 \times 7 = 35$

$7 \times 2 = 14$

$3 \times 2 = 6$

$10 \times 9 = 90$

$2 \times 4 = 8$

$5 \times 8 = 40$

$4 \times 5 = 20$

$5 \times 9 = 45$

$5 \times 6 = 30$

$5 \times 10 = 50$

